

## Middlebury Register.

PUBLISHED BY

THE REGISTER CO.,

BATTLE BLOCK,

MIDDLEBURY, - - VERMONT.

Entered at the Middlebury Postoffice as Second Class Matter.

THE REGISTER is sent to subscribers, post-  
age prepaid, at the following rates:ONE YEAR.....\$1.00  
SIX MONTHS......50  
THREE MONTHS......25  
If not paid in advance, \$1.25 per year is  
charged.In requesting change of address, subscrib-  
ers must invariably give their old address as  
well as the new. Otherwise names cannot be  
located in our lists.ADVERTISING rate-card will be sent on ap-  
plication. Copy must be in the hands of the  
printer not later than Wednesday noon to  
insure insertion in that week's issue.Cards of Thanks and Resolutions will be  
charged for at local notice rates.BOOK AND JOB PRINTING in every variety,  
at the lowest prices consistent with good  
work and quality of stock.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1896.

Professor Harris, superintendent of the  
bureau of education at Washington, has  
just completed, at the request of the  
president, a public school system for  
Cuba. It contemplates instruction in  
both English and Spanish. While the  
church on the island was, under Spanish  
rule, supported by the public revenues,  
there was no education for the masses at  
public expense. Consequently the school  
system about to be established will be a  
wholly new departure and will go far  
toward convincing both the resident  
Spaniards and the native Cubans of the  
superiority of the American system of  
government as opposed to the old regime.

It is not often that the newspapers of  
the country are given the opportunity of  
publishing such a masterpiece of oratory  
and convincing logic as the speech on

the subject of national expansion made  
before the senate last week by Senator  
Hoar of Massachusetts. This great ef-  
fort in support of human rights and of  
the national Constitution is destined to  
become famous in history, and we deem  
it a privilege to present it to our readers  
this week almost in its entirety. Senator  
Hoar is the acknowledged greatest au-  
thority in congress today on constitu-  
tional law, and his warning to his fellow-  
senators therefore carries with it the  
weight of superior knowledge.

One would think it a far cry from  
musical circles and the piano trade to  
the rum traffic, but here we have a  
copy of the New York Musical Courier  
discussing on the effect of Vermont's  
prohibitory law in deterring a German  
piano company from establishing its  
factory at Brattleboro. The not un-  
usual argument is made that the  
German element would not live "in a  
town where a personal habit, inculcated  
from youth as an innocent one, is viewed  
as heinous and even criminal by the  
bulk of the population." The Courier  
goes on to say that Brattleboro's de-  
velopment thereupon became stunted,  
"not," it adds, "because of prohibition, as  
that is too much of a blessing to act as a  
deterrent on growth, but because the  
associated foreign elements that crept  
into the Estey group were not in  
sympathy with the tendency of the  
Vermont people." If someone will only  
take the trouble to hunt up the moral in  
the Courier's remarks, we will be pleased.

To the sufferer from the prevailing  
malady it may be of a little interest to  
learn that away back in the dark ages  
people were afflicted with the grip. It  
has seemed to be a fin de siècle ailment,  
but it has been recognized as the lagrippe  
of the middle ages and has received its  
proper designation. There are evidences  
in history that it prevailed on the con-  
tinent of Europe so long as the twelfth  
century. We are told that in 1510 it was  
classified as a contagious disease, perhaps  
by old Paracelsus himself. Nearly two  
hundred years ago English medical  
writers were referring to it as "catarrhus  
contagiosus" in their learned Latin treatises,  
the Italian medicos had already given it

the name of "influenza," and the French  
had dubbed it "la grippe." It has swept  
over the world many times in all these  
years, and was especially severe during  
early decades of the present century.  
With the latter-day propensity for going  
bug-hunting for microbes of each and  
every contagious disease, it is not surpris-  
ing to learn that some years ago the  
grippe bacillus was run to cover, bagged  
and properly labeled.

## THE FARMERS AGAINST ANNEXATION.

The following paragraph from the  
Boston Transcript is suggestive of the  
natural feeling of farmers over the  
country on the question of the annexa-  
tion of the Philippines. Unquestionably  
there are no citizens of the republic more  
true to its principles than those who live  
upon its farms. The man who works  
has a natural love for freedom. He has,  
too, a keen appreciation of those na-  
tional conditions that conduce to economy  
and thrift. He cannot indeed afford to pay  
extravagant taxes. He does not wish to  
see the boys conscripted from the farm  
to assist England in her contest against  
Russia in China, or for any other un-  
necessary purpose. Nor does he wish to  
see the conditions of trade made still  
more disadvantageous for farming in-  
terests.

It is the commercial interests of our  
large cities that favor the idea of exten-  
sion, under a vain delusion that trade  
should follow the flag. We say vain,  
because it has been conclusively shown  
that the whole trade of the Philippine  
islands amounts to but a mere fraction  
of what the cost would be to us to gov-  
ern them; not to speak of first subjugat-  
ing them, which it is perfectly evident  
we shall have to do if we annex them.

The paragraph referred to is in the  
form of a special despatch from Wash-  
ington, dated the 11th inst. It reads  
thus:

An expression of the agricultural senti-  
ment of the country against imperialism was  
today formulated by Mr. Herbert Myrick,  
editor of the American Agriculturist and  
several allied farmers' journals at Chicago,  
New York and Springfield, Mass., and was  
telegraphed from New York to this city, as  
follows:

Senator Hoar—Your momentous utterance  
expresses with amazing truth the eternal  
principles of self-government. These prin-  
ciples are yet sacredly cherished by the  
great majority of American farmers, free

spective of party or locality. In behalf of the  
nearly one million of these farmers whom  
the writer has the honor to represent, he  
thanks you for your service to our beloved  
country in its present crisis.

In a material sense, imperialism involves  
grave economic danger to the American  
farmer, increased taxation, reduced income  
and loss of markets at home, with no com-  
pensating advantages abroad. But the sac-  
rifice it proposes of the farmers' interests in  
our domestic beet sugar and cane sugar in-  
dustry, in tobacco culture and manufacture,  
in the growing of fruits and vegetables, rice,  
cotton, wool and other fibers—the utter anni-  
hilation of these most profitable branches of  
American agriculture would be suffered by  
the farmers of the United States without a  
murmur if thereby the foundation principles  
of the republic might be preserved. But  
since the farmers' duty to their country now  
exactly coincides with their material inter-  
ests, their opposition to imperialism will  
prove irresistible, at the polls later, if not  
needed by congress now.

## THE COST OF EMPIRE.

The following from the New York  
World is an exhibit of the beginnings  
of the cost of imperialism. They are  
simply the beginnings, for the policy  
must almost inevitably lead to complica-  
tions in the European scramble for  
power in Asia. It is of course in the  
hope of our assistance in her rivalry with  
Russia, that England has favored our  
occupancy of the Philippines:

Mr. Caffery first compared our normal  
budget with the first "imperial" budget:  
Expenditures for fiscal year 1897, \$306,000,000  
Secretary Gage's estimate for the  
next fiscal year, 641,000,000

Imperial increase, \$335,000,000

After thus showing that at the very outset  
the burdens of Federal taxation would be  
nearly doubled on the showing of our im-  
perialist secretary of the treasury, Mr. Caf-  
fery went on to itemize the annual cost of  
the Philippines alone:

Pay, maintenance and transporta-  
tion of Philippine garrison, \$75,000,000  
Ditto for extra naval force, accord-  
ing to department estimates, 15,750,000  
Annual charge for enlarging navy  
(Secretary of Navy's estimate, 12,000,000)  
Pensions due to tropical diseases, 5,000,000  
Fortifications, harbor improve-  
ments, etc., 10,000,000  
Maintaining a civil government,  
civilizing the Filipinos (estimated  
on a basis of one third what we  
spend in that way upon the In-  
dians, 100,000,000

Total actual cost, \$221,550,000

Subtracting the highest possible figure for  
revenues to be got from the Philippines from  
the lowest figure for revenue we lose by tak-  
ing them inside our tariff wall, Senator Caf-  
fery showed that we would have a net annual  
loss of revenue of \$12,000,000. And that is  
nearly \$10,000,000 a year of imperial ex-  
penditures raised by new taxation from the Amer-  
ican people.

"If you capitalize \$200,000,000 at 3 per cent  
it represents an addition to our national debt  
of nearly \$6,000,000,000. And that is three  
times as large as the total amount of the  
great civil war debt of the United States."

"Is the imperial game worth the candle?"  
The total trade of the Philippines is about  
\$30,000,000 a year. If we get it all and pay  
\$300,000,000 a year for the privilege, is it a  
good bargain?"

Senator Hoar's Wit.  
(Boston) Advertiser.

As a specimen of Senator Hoar's wit,  
take his comparison of Senator Platt's  
new version of the declaration of inde-  
pendence, which makes it read that  
governments derive their just powers  
"from the consent of some of the govern-  
ed," to the amendment of the golden  
rule proposed by one of the most vil-  
lanous characters in one of Dickens's  
novels, making that divine precept read:  
"Do others, or they will do you."  
Again, take as a specimen this fine re-  
tort upon the same Connecticut senator,  
who could think of no motive other than  
fear which could actuate the senior  
senator from Massachusetts in his  
attitude on this question: "As to fear, I  
will return the kindness of my honorable  
friend by suggesting to him that there  
is a fear, which I hope some time may  
possess him, which is defined by the  
highest authority as the beginning of  
wisdom." Or this, for a final specimen,  
selected from among many that have the  
like merit of brilliancy and perfect  
truth: "Mr. President, the constitution  
of the senator from Connecticut is as  
unlike the real constitution as a wooden  
nutmeg is unlike a real one."

## A CHILD ENJOYS.

The pleasant flavor, gentle action, and  
soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in  
need of a laxative, and if the father or  
mother be costive or bilious, the most  
gratifying results follow its use; so  
that it is the best family remedy known  
and every family should have a bottle.  
Manufactured by the California Fig  
Syrup Co.

The work of reducing the military  
forces of the United States to a peace  
footing is progressing slowly, but  
steadily.

Two million Americans suffering the  
torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need  
to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At  
any drug store.

Paul Perry, of Columbus, Ga., suffered  
agony for thirty years, and then cured  
his Piles using DeWitt's Witch Hazel  
Salve. It heals injuries and skin diseases  
like magic. Isaac Sterns, Middlebury;  
B. G. Peck or Day Bros., East Mid-  
dlebury; C. W. Sowle, West Corn-  
wall; D. H. Bennett, Bridport; C. B.  
Kendall, Shoreham; F. C. Dyer, West  
Sullivan; W. B. French, Orwell.

## THE MARKETS.

## PRICES OF PRODUCE IN MIDDLEBURY.

BUTTER AND EGGS.

Best butter 18 cents per pound; eggs 18

cents per dozen.

## HAY AND GRAIN.

[Furnished by Thomas &amp; Weeks.]

Hay No. 1, per ton..... \$5

No. 2, per ton..... 4.50

Stock, per ton..... 4

Straw, rye..... 4

Oats, Vermont, per bushel..... 20

## LIVE STOCK.

[Furnished by M. S. Carr.]

Oxen, live weight..... .05

Milch cows, each..... .05 to .05 1/2

Veal, live weight..... .05 to .05 1/2

Hogs..... .05 to .05 1/2

Lamb..... .05 to .05 1/2

Mutton..... .05 to .05 1/2

Fowls..... .05 to .05 1/2

Chickens..... .05 to .05 1/2

## OTHER COUNTY MARKETS.

VERGENNES, Jan. 16.—Dairy butter, 17 to 18

cents a pound; creamery goods, 15 to 20 cents

a pound; cheese, 11 1/2 to 12 cents a pound;

eggs, 25 cents a dozen; dressed pork and

beef, \$1.50 to \$2 per hundred; potatoes, 60

cents a bushel; winter apples \$3 a barrel;

hay, \$5 to \$6 a ton.

BRISTOL, Jan. 16.—Saturday, market day,

dairy butter sold at 17 to 18 cents a pound;

separator butter, 20 to 21 cents a pound; eggs,

25 cents a dozen; dressed poultry, 16 to 14

cents a pound; potatoes, 35 cents a bushel.

## BOSTON PRODUCE MARKET.

[From Wednesday's Boston Journal.]

An easier tendency has been developed in  
the butter market. A slow trade, increased  
receipts and lower prices in other places  
have had their influence here, and a decline  
of 1/2 to 1 cent from last week must be noted.  
This is no more than might have been ex-  
pected under existing conditions, and if buy-  
ers will take hold at the decline all may be  
well. Receipts are not likely to be very large  
for several weeks to come, and if the sup-  
plies were properly distributed among deal-  
ers they would soon be absorbed.

Selling prices were somewhat irregular yester-  
day. Some of the receivers were able to  
get 20 1/2 to 21 cents for small lots of Vermont  
and New Hampshire showing new milk  
flavor, while others considered 20 1/2 cents an  
extreme price for a wholesale lot, and called  
the top rate for the best fresh Northern  
creamery in assorted size tubs 20 to 20 1/2 cents.

Very few receivers of Western could report  
sales at over 20 cents, and the quality had to  
be fine to bring that. After passing the best  
quality buyers had the market all their own  
way, and only a nominal rate of 15 to 18 cents  
can be given for a large portion of the fresh  
butter that has accumulated.

There is no change to note in the cheese  
situation. Holders are firm and sales of  
choice September and October make, ran  
along at 11 to 11 1/2 cents in lots as wanted by  
the trade. Demand is not large and it would  
be hard to place a round lot at over 11 cents,  
but holders are not forcing sales being con-  
fident that all will be wanted at full rates.

With light receipts and a fair demand, the  
egg market has gained some strength the  
past day or two, and sales of choice fresh  
Indiana, Illinois and Ohio have been made at  
21 to 21 1/2 cents, with some special marks at  
22 cents. Prospective receipts are small and  
the indications are that all the fresh western  
arriving for a few days will command full  
prices. Sales of southern fresh at 19 to 21  
cents.

Hay is steady at \$12 1/2 for best and \$7 1/2  
per ton for low grades. Rye straw is quoted  
at \$3 50 and oat straw at \$5 50 per ton.

# FRANK A. BOND, PINE HALL

## MIDDLEBURY, VERMONT

# GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

## PREVIOUS TO ANNUAL STOCK-TAKING

# FOR THIRTY DAYS

Read carefully and note the unusual attractions.

TERMS—Spot cash on delivery of goods.

We offer no comments on this sale except to submit to  
your kind consideration a description of the goods, offered  
with former and present prices, in plain figures. If they  
interest you we shall be glad to welcome you to our store.

## FUR COATS NORTH STAR MAKE

Two Raccoon Coats, full otter collar and cuffs, dark fur, northern skins.  
Price, \$50, Now \$40 00  
One Raccoon Unplucked, otter trimmed, northern skin, handsome coat.  
Price, \$47, Now \$38 00  
Two Raccoon, coon trimmed, full furred, will please any one.  
Price \$42 50, Now \$34 00  
Three Northern Coon, Siberian calf trimmed; will take your attention  
at the price, \$37, Now \$30 00  
One Wolf Coat, Siberian Calf trimming, cheap at \$28, Now \$22 00  
Three Siberian Buffalo Calf, very dark, nutria trimmed, first-class coats;  
were \$32.50, Now \$27 00  
Two Siberian Buffalo Calf, good quality, good sellers at \$25, Now \$20 00  
One Uncolored Black Dog Coat, former price \$20, This sale \$16 00  
One Black Curly Lamb, plucked coon trimmed, a dressy coat; was \$30,  
Now \$24 00  
One Very Handsome, Dressy Black Rat Coat; price \$55, Now \$45 00  
Two Yellow Dog, genuine, very cheap at \$12, Now \$10 00  
Fine Gray Goat, dark trimmed, cheap enough at \$9.50, This sale \$ 8 00

## GENTS' ULSTERS

Two Saskatchewan, warm as any fur, very durable; were \$22.50, Now \$17 00  
Fur Beaver and Chinchilla Custom-made Coats; were \$23, Now \$16 00  
Heavy Irish Frieze, Chinchilla and Cheviots that were \$15, Now \$12 00  
Our \$12 Ulsters in Cheviot and Chinchilla, This sale at \$ 9 00  
All of our \$10 Ulsters, \$ 7 50  
A good line of Heavy, Warm Ulsters that were \$8.50, 6 00  
A few that were \$6, At \$ 4 50  
One line \$3.75, Now \$ 2 75  
Boys' Ulsters, were \$7, \$6 and \$5.50, Now \$5 50, \$4 50 and \$ 4 00

## REEFERS

Blue Chinchilla, were \$8, Now \$ 6 00  
Oxford Mixed Cheviot, \$6, Now \$ 4 50  
Heavy Gray, were \$4, Now \$ 3 00  
Boys' Reefers, were \$5.50, \$4 and \$3.00, This sale \$4 00, \$3 50 and \$ 2 50

## GENTS' OVERCOATS

Fine, Warm, Germania Black Beaver, custom made, finely trimmed,  
lowest price, \$20, Now \$15 00  
Same as above, not quite as good, were \$18, Now \$13 50

\$15 Overcoats in Black Beaver, Now \$12 00  
Black Beaver and Chinchilla that were \$12, Offered for \$ 9 00  
Four lines of \$10 Overcoats, take your choice at \$ 7 50  
A few Dobson Overcoatings, sold for \$6, Now \$ 4 00  
Small line of \$3.50 ones at \$ 2 75  
A few Satinettes at \$2.75, Now \$ 2 00  
A few carried-over coats that were \$22, \$20, \$18 and \$16, At about half price  
A line of Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters carried over, Take them at half price

## MEN'S SUITS

No finer line in the state. Black Clay Worsteds, not sweat-shop made,  
clean, well trimmed and made goods, were \$19, \$15, \$12 and \$10,  
This sale \$15, 12.50, \$10 and \$ 8 00  
Worsted and Cheviot Suits, in plain and fancy mix, stout, slim or regu-  
lar shape, were \$18, \$15, \$12.50, \$10.00, \$8.00, \$6.00 and \$ 5 00  
Now 15, 12, 10.00, 7.50, 6.00, 5.00 and 4 50  
Cassimere Suits in different cloths, \$15, 12, 10, 9, 7 and 6, Now \$12, 9, 7.50, 7, 5.50 and 5 00  
Twenty-five carried-over Suits, and Coats and Vests, at about half price.  
Others at just half price.

## TROUSERS

One thousand pairs to select from; no reserves in this sale. This will  
be the greatest pant chance of your life-time. Note the saving:  
Present prices, \$5.50, 5, 4.50, 4, 3.75, 3.50, 3, 2.75, 2.50, 2, 1.50, 1.38  
This sale \$4, 3.75, 3.50, 3, 2.75, 2.25, 2, 1.50, 1.25 and 1.19  
A few left yet on the half-price counter.  
Boys' and Children's Suits at the same range of discounts. Few left at half  
price—carried over ones.

## DUCK COATS--LINED

Best lamb lined, very cheap at \$3.75, This sale \$2.98  
Beach Jacket, lined, none better made for service; were \$3, Now \$2.50  
Heavy, blanket-lined, black or brown; were \$2.75, Now \$2.25  
Union, cloth-lined, were \$2, Now \$1.50  
" " " " \$1.25, Now \$1.00

## HATS AND CAPS

One Detroit Seal Cap, worth \$10, For \$6  
Black Rat Fur Caps with visor, best quality, were \$2.75, Now \$2  
Heavy cloth and Scotch Caps, were 75c, 50c and 25c, Now 50c, 38c, 19c  
Black and Brown Derbys, new goods:  
Were \$3, 2.50, 2.00, 1.50, 1.00  
Now \$2.25, 2.00, 1.50, 1.19, 75c  
A few carried over, style not bad, half former price. A few, style off,  
at 50c each; Flange or Alpine, all colors,  
Were \$2.75, 2.50, 2.00, 1.50, 1.00  
Now \$2.25, 2.00, 1.50, 1.25, 75c  
SOFT HATS—All styles, same general discount, with two dozen at half price.

## BENNINGTON UNDERWEAR

Buff, all-wool, best made, were \$1.63, Now \$1.39  
Hygiene worsted fleeced, were \$1.50, Now \$1.19  
Fine white wool, were \$1.25, Now 99c  
Brown, fleece-lined, were \$1, Now 75c  
Natural wool, were \$1, Now 75c  
Camel's Hair, were 75c, Now 59c  
Gray mix, one-half wool, trade at 50c, Now 39c  
Fleece-lined, 50c, Now 39c  
Fleece-lined, double-back and chest, worth 75c, been selling 50c, Now 45c

## KNIT OVERSHIRTS

Swiss Conde, all wool, were \$1, Now 75c  
Blue, black and brown, plain, good trades at 50c, This sale 40c  
Men's all wool socks, reduced from 40c, 30c, 25c to 30c, 25c and 19c  
Merino, one lot 15c, Now 10c

## FUR &amp; WOOL ROBES

Two uncolored, black dog, large Robes, broadcloth lined, were \$16,  
To close at \$10  
Saskatchewan Robes, were \$14 and \$12.50, Now \$10  
Black Goat, were \$11, Now \$8  
" " " \$10, Now \$7.50  
Gray " " \$8, Now \$6.50  
" " " \$6, Now \$5.00  
" " " \$3.75, Now \$3.00

## HORSE BLANKETS

Two stable, heavy, Kersey, Burlington, heavy strapped, were \$2.40, Now \$2  
Two blue-stone, street, 86x90, cheap at \$4.25, Now \$3.75  
Four yellow, 5-A, 86x90, were \$3.50, Now \$3  
Four Fancy Plaids, were \$2.50, Now \$2

## MACKINTOSHES

This sale three-fourth regular price; one with cape, carried over, half  
price, was \$15, Now \$7.50

## WHIPS

Were \$2, 1.50, 1.25, 1.00, 75c, 50c, 35c, 15c  
Now \$1.50, 1.19, 1.00, 75c, 59c, 38c, 25c, 10c

## SUSPENDERS

For this sale, 10c and 19c  
AGENCY FOR COLUMBIA AND HARTFORD BICYCLES.  
Few carried over at very low prices.

This Sale commences Friday, January 20th. Closes February 20th.

Terms—Spot cash on delivery of goods.

FRANK A. BOND - Middlebury, Vermont - PINE HALL.